



Salvia Bordeau[™]

Culture Guide

Botanical name: Salvia x superba

Product form: Vegetative **Containers:** Quarts, Gallons

Habit: Mounding

Vernalization: Not required (First Year Flowering)

Garden Specifications

Garden Height: 18–24" (45–60 cm) tall **Garden Width:** 16–20" (45–50 cm) wide

Exposure: Full sun **USDA zone:** 4–9 **AHS zone:** 9–1

Product use: Containers, Landscapes, Combos

Propagation of Unrooted Cuttings

Root emergence: 5–7 days

Rooting hormone: Not recommended.

Bottom heat temp.: 70–72 °F (21–22 °C) for the first three weeks. After roots are well developed, temperatures can be

lowered to hold and tone the cuttings.

Misting: Mist schedules vary depending on light and temperature conditions. Apply just enough moisture to rehydrate the cuttings and keep them from wilting. Cuttings should be hydrated and in a non-wilted stage within 24 hours after sticking. Cuttings that continue to wilt heavily after 24 hours will callus unevenly and will be delayed in rooting. Misting should be significantly reduced after 3–4 days and after cuttings become fully hydrated.

Rec. tray size: 105-cell (30 mm) or larger

Propagation timing: 5–6 weeks for a 105-cell plug; add more rooting time for significantly larger plug sizes.

Temperature

Day: 68–70 °F (20–21 °C) **Night:** 64–66 °F (18–19 °C)

Lighting

Day extension lighting: Not necessary

Light intensity: 200–250 μ mol·m-²·s-¹ for the first two weeks after sticking or until root development occurs. Light levels can be increased up to 600 μ mol·m-²·s-¹ as

rooting increases and the cutting matures. **Day length response:** Facultative long day

Daily light integral: 4–6 mol·m⁻²·d⁻¹ for the first two weeks after sticking or until root development occurs. DLI can be increased to greater than 12 mol·m⁻²·d⁻¹ after root formation.

syngenta.flowers



Media pH: 5.8-6.2

Media EC: SME EC: 0.9–1.3 mS/cm, PourThru EC: 1.4–2.0

mS/cm

Fertilizer: Begin fertilization at 100 ppm nitrogen when roots become visible. Rates can be increased up to 200 ppm nitrogen after roots become well developed. Use primarily Cal-Mag® Plus (calcium nitrate + magnesium nitrate + iron) fertilizers in propagation to prevent unwanted stretch.

Pinching: No recommended

Plant growth regulators (PGRs): Not necessary, but sprays of B-Nine® WSG at 2,500 ppm can be used to tone growth.

Bulking and Vernalization

Vernalization: Not required (First Year Flowering)

Finishing
Temperature

Day: 68–70 °F (20–21 °C) **Night:** 64–66 °F (18–19 °C)

Average daily temperature: 68 °F (20 °C)

Lighting

Day extension lighting: Beneficial to 14 hours Light intensity: 1,200–1,600 μmol·m⁻²·s⁻¹ Day length response: Facultative long day Daily light integral: 10–12 mol·m⁻²·d⁻¹







Transplanting: Transplant directly into the finished container. Place the rooting media slightly above the level of media in the container. Make sure the root ball is covered and that the plug is situated in the center of the pot.

Media pH: 5.8-6.2

Media EC: SME EC: 1.5-2.1 mS/cm, PourThru EC: 2.3-3.2

mS/cm

Fertilizer: 125–175 ppm N

Pinching: No. Pinching is not recommended or needed. Plant growth regulators (PGRs): If necessary, a B-Nine® WSG spray at 2,500 ppm, or a Bonzi® spray at 30 ppm. **Tech tip:** Bordeau[™] salvia can be grown cold for early spring sales. Bulk plants for 6-7 weeks at an ADT of 68 °F (20 °C) prior to dropping the temperature to 45 °F (7 °C) for



6-7 weeks.

CHRYSAL Try Chrysal Alesco®, a postharvest foliar spray, to protect ethylene sensitive crops during shipping and retail.

Moisture level: Media should be allowed to moderately dry between irrigations. Alternate between moisture level 2 and 4.

- 2 MEDIUM: Soil is light brown in color, no water can be extracted from soil, and soil will crumble apart.
- 4 WET: Soil is dark brown but not shiny, no free water is seen at the surface of the soil, when pressed or squeezed water drips easily, and trays are heavy with a visible bend in the middle.

Common pests: Aphids, Spider Mites, Thrips, Whiteflies Common diseases: Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Rhizoctonia, Thielaviopsis

Scheduling

Size	Crop Time	Plants Per Pot
1.0 quart (4.5 to 5 inch)	5–6 weeks	1 ррр
1.25 to 2.5 quart (5.5 to 6.5 inch, trade gallon)	6–7 weeks	1 ррр
3.0 quart to 2.0 gallon (7.5 to 10 inch)	8–9 weeks	3 ррр

Estimated finish crop time is from transplant of a 105-cell tray and finished at an average daily temperature (ADT) of 68 °F (20 °C).

Example crop schedule for a 2.5 quart

Weeks From Transplant	Description
1 week	Transplant one plug into the center of the pot
3 weeks	If needed, apply first PGR application to tone new growth
6 weeks	Apply a second PGR application to hold growth for retail sale
8 weeks	Finish

